

C.d.L. Ingegneria Informatica
Corso di recupero di Elettrotecnica

Test d'ingresso
 del 8-1-2018

1) Data la rete in figura 1 calcolare la corrente i_2 . ($i_2 = 1 \text{ A}$)

$$i_g = 3 \text{ A}, \quad R_1 = 1 \, \Omega, \quad R_2 = \frac{1}{2} \, \Omega.$$

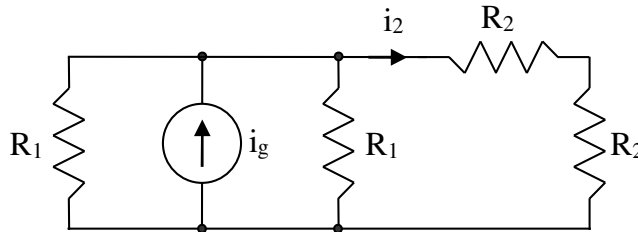


fig. 1

2) Data la rete in figura 2 calcolare la corrente i_0 . ($i_0 = 5 \text{ A}$)

$$i_g = 10 \text{ A}, \quad v_g = 20 \text{ V}, \quad R = 2 \, \Omega, \quad r_m = 1 \, \Omega.$$

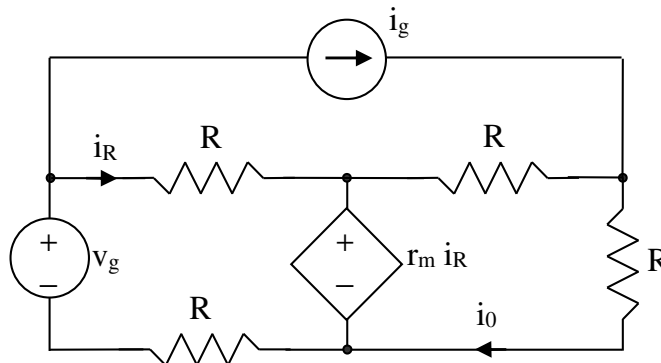
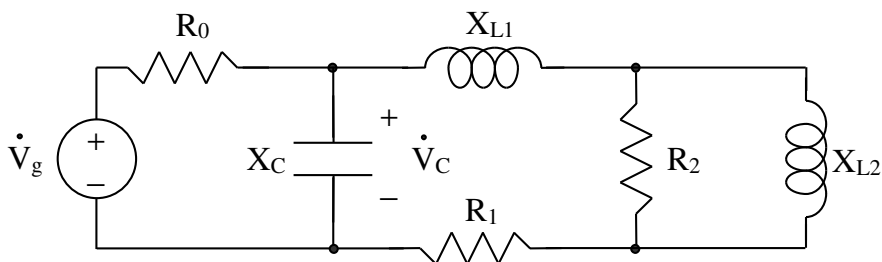


fig. 2

3) Sapendo che la rete in figura 3 è in regime sinusoidale, calcolare il fasore della tensione \dot{V}_C .
 ($\dot{V}_C = 20(1 - j2) \text{ V}$)

$$R_0 = 10 \, \Omega, \quad R_1 = 5 \, \Omega, \quad R_2 = 10 \, \Omega, \quad X_C = -10 \, \Omega, \quad X_{L1} = 5 \, \Omega, \quad X_{L2} = 10 \, \Omega, \quad \dot{V}_g = 50(1 - j) \text{ V}.$$



C.d.L. Ingegneria Informatica
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Test d'ingresso
 del 9-1-2018

1) Data la rete in figura 1 calcolare la corrente i_2 . $\langle i_2 = 2 \text{ A} \rangle$

$$v_g = 8 \text{ V}, \quad R_1 = 1 \, \Omega, \quad R_2 = 2 \, \Omega.$$

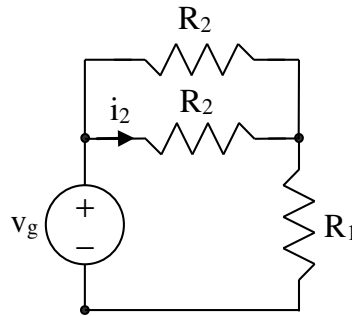


fig. 1

2) Data la rete in figura 2 calcolare la corrente i_0 . $\langle i_0 = -\frac{5}{2} \text{ A} \rangle$

$$i_g = 5 \text{ A}, \quad v_g = 20 \text{ V}, \quad R = 2 \, \Omega, \quad r_m = 4 \, \Omega.$$

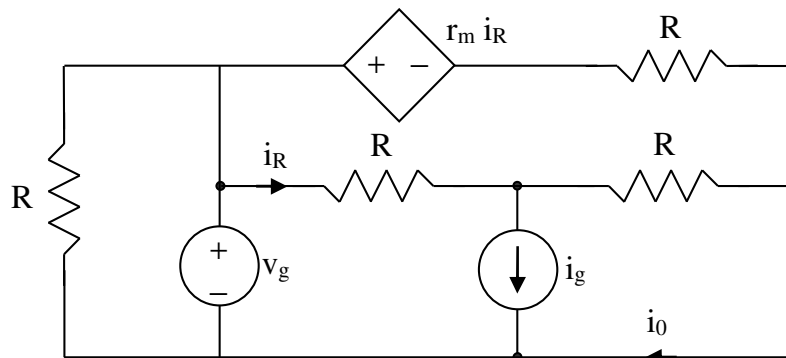


fig. 2

3) Sapendo che la rete in figura 3 è in regime sinusoidale, calcolare il fasore della tensione \dot{V}_2 .
 $\langle \dot{V}_2 = -(1 + j) \text{ V} \rangle$

$$R_0 = 1 \, \Omega, \quad X_C = -1 \, \Omega, \quad X_{L1} = 2 \, \Omega, \quad X_{L2} = 1 \, \Omega, \quad \dot{I}_1 = 3j \text{ A}, \quad \dot{I}_2 = 1 + j \text{ A}.$$

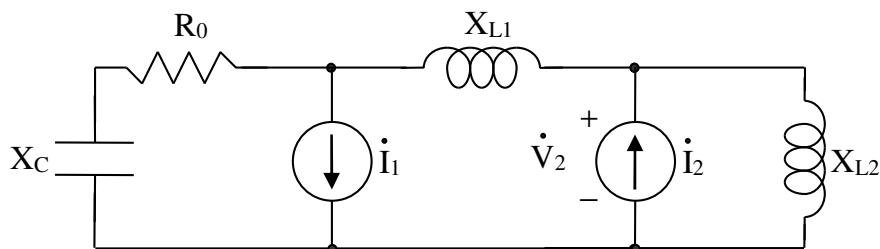


fig. 3